Vol. IV

Indianapolis, Indiana, July, 1945

No. 11

Pay Increases for 900 Local 135 Drivers Are Approved by U.S. Trucking Commission

MAHONEY SIGNS MANY AGREEMENTS FOR DRIVERS IN MUNCIE DISTRICT

One of the liveliest locals of Teamsters anywhere is No. 369 of the International Brotherhood, headed by D. E. Mahoney of Muncie.

Within the last month Mahoney and his business agents have obtained the following:

Renewal for a year of contract with the Mayflower-Har- Polk Evades

tract with the Portland (Ind.) Forge Co.

Increase in pay and 40-hour week for members employed as heavy machine workers by the and women have been working Delaware Trucking Co. of Mancie.

Good, substantial increase for Teamsters employed by various gravel companies in Anderson.

Substantial increase for employes of the Ready Mix Co. of to WLB approval).

Contract with French Steam Dry Cleaning Co., with inereased commissions.

Vacations for City Freight

In addition a committee headed by Mahoney met with City Freight operators on the subject of vaca-(Continued on page 4)

Labor Wants U. S. Operate Job Bureaus

NELSON H. CRUIKSHANK

During the war the United States Employment Service with its system of over 1,500 local offices, supplemented by itinerant offices reaching into

been recruited for the labor too busy to review the case. supply needed to man the greatest production job in hisfory and to replace the nearly 12 million workers drawn into service with the armed forces. Controls have been exercised over the movement of workers. (Continued on page 4)

SFL EXECUTIVE BOARD **MEETING AUGUST 24**

Officers of the Indiana State Federation of Labor have arranged an executive board meeting at the Spaulding Hotel, Michigan City, beginning August 24, 1945, and remaining in session until all business is disposed of.

"Any state or local organization having any labor matters of im-portance that should be taken care of will be privileged to present them at this time. It should be remembered that our annual conventhe official statement.

Renewal for a year of con- Work Standard by WLB Delays

Iwo hundred and fifty men under substandard conditions at the Polk Sanitary Milk Co. in Indianapolis for two and one-half years because the Na- PAT HESS ELECTED tional War Labor Board has been too busy to compel the company to cease operating in violation of the federal law.

The company has been or-Muncie and Anderson (subject dered by the Regional War Labor Board in Chicago to



the remote sections of the coun- maintain government standard Federation. try, has been the operating arm conditions. But the company of the nation's manpower pro- has appealed this decision to he said, "that when we stop the national board in Wash- shooting at Japan, certain ele-Millions of workers have ington, and the board has been ments will start shooting at or-



PAT MAHONEY

TO SFL, URGES LOCALS AFFILIATE

Pat Hess, head of the Fort velopments were: Wayne Teamsters, took occa-

Hess had been president of and one of the nice things he said was a tribute to his oppo-

Reciting the numerous benefits to be derived from memfits to be derived from mem-bership in the State Federation Frank Hook, who said that other of Labor, Mr. Hess urged the members of the House would unof Labor, Mr. Hess urged the delegates to do everything doubtedly join him later in attachwithin their power to encourage all unaffiliated AFL unions

"I'm absolutely convinced," ganised labor, and right here



Hollywood swim stars appearing in the Beverly Hills Aquacade, outanding event of the Seventh War Loan drive, at which \$26 million in
ar Bonds were sold.

Jos after discharge, according to
a survey of postwar plans of
troops made by the Information
ists have screamed so loudly
ar Bonds were sold. tion is definitely postponed," says standing event of the Seventh War Loan drive, at which \$86 million in War Bonds were sold.

CONCESSIONS WON BY E. J. WILLIAMS FOR CITY CARTAGE EFFECTIVE MAY 1

The Trucking Commission has approved a substantial increase in wages for 900 members of Teamsters' Local 135, Indianapolis.

All of the lucky 900 men are city drivers, helpers and dockmen, headed by Emmett J. Williams.

This new agreement is a two-year contract, arrived at after a series of conferences between committees representing Local 135 and the employers, and was submitted as an "agreed-on" case.

AFL Demands for Higher Pay 1947. Its provisions in-

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 24 Congress has moved in two

Seventy members of sion at the July meeting of the the House of Representatives year. Indiana State Drivers' Council signed a petition asking Presito thank the delegates for their dent Truman to permit insupport in his recent election creases in hourly rates of pay Indiana State Federation of the present limits of the Little Steel formula.

2. Legislation was introduced the Council for so many years in both Houses of Congress entiated for various clasthat he could speak intimately, providing for an immediate sifications of workers, inhike in minimum wages to 65 cents an hour with progressive increases up to a 75-cent floor four-wheel drivers, dockin three years.

This legislation was sponsored by ing their names to the bill.

The present floor for wages of months. workers engaged in interstate in-Federation.

"L' checketels convinced."

All other conditions of the Fair Labor Standards Act, which the new bill seeks to amend. will remain the same." The House petition for general

falls right in line with labor's de-

original authority of the War Labor Board to approve or direct such wage adjustments as may be stantially affect the cost of living.

"All the evidence of cutbacks, lay-offs, loss of overtime pay and, in the case of merchant seamen, a direct cut in the pay envelope point to economic troubles right ahead unless the present national wage policy is revised to permit an increase of at least 20 per cent in the basic pay rate in order to keep (Con'inced on page 4)

SOLDIERS' POSTWAR PLANS

WASHINGTON, C .- About 75 worked for an employer before of 1,120 leading American cor-joining the service, and about 68 per cent definitely plan to take jobs after discharge, according to Service Forces.

The contract, as ap-Congress Backs proved by the Trucking Commission of the War Labor Board, is effective May 1, 1945, to April 30, clude retroactive pay from May 1 and, according to major directions to correct the Emmett J. Williams, secalarming shrinkage of take- retary-treasurer of the home pay by lifting the wage union, these payments will rates of American workers. De- be made between July 28 and September 1 of this

Assurance also has been given to the members that the new scale will be effecas second vice-president of the at least 20 per cent higher than tive in the current payroll period.

> Wage scales are differcluding six-wheel drivers, men, greasers and switchers, and are graded also for those working the first three months, four to 12 months, and after 12

"All other conditions of will remain the same," wage rate increases was announced says a bulletin issued by by Rep. Holifield of California and talls right in line with labor's day the union July 27.

Representing the union Rep. Holifield declared that the in the negotiations, with Meanwhile, the company has in Indiana. The best way to President would be asked "to re(Continued on page 3)
(Continued from page 3)

(Continued from page 3)

(Continued from page 3)

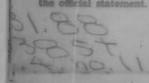
(Continued from page 3)

No Little Steel For Corporations

How the nation's corporations have profited with war orders and the Little Steel formula is indicated in a statement just released to the press by Chester Bowles, administrator of the Office of Price Ad-

The statement is based upon per cent of the men in the Army a study of financial statements

It indicates that even after



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Teamster

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Vol. IV



No. 11

Our Congress

The House of Representatives has recessed for the summer. The Senate is expected to follow suit shortly. With the 79th session of Congress heading for vacation, this appears to be an appropriate time to review the work it has done thus far.

High on the credit side must be placed the accomplishments umphant progress stalled. Let's be sure it isn't stalled because of Congress in the international field. The Senate has ratified of the work we didn't do, because we were too busy looking Cairo, Egypt, and have received ahead to see the task just before us. High on the credit side must be placed the accomplishments for the preservation of world peace. Coupled with congressional approval of the Bretton Woods Monetary Agreement, this action marks a historic abandonment of American isolationism. The American Federation of Labor, which endorsed both the charter and the Bretton Woods pact, is highly pleased by the outcome.

On domestic issues, the record of this Congress is somewhat spotty. We take off our hats to the lawmakers for adopting legislation giving almost two million government employes their first basic pay increase in more than twenty years. That was constructive. Also labor wishes to commend Congress for defeating all attempts to enact a compulsory labor draft. Events have proved the wisdom of the American Federation of Labor's opposition to such legislation. In fact, Congress deserves a boost for refusing to approve any anti-labor bills at this session.

But there is another side to this picture. Congress has failed dismally to provide for human needs in the reconversion program. It has endangered the situation of millions of war workers who may be laid off by cutbacks by postponing action on President Truman's urgent recommendations for increasing unemployment compensation. It hasn't lifted a finger to advance the Wagner-Murray-Dingell Social Security amendments, designed to safeguard the nation's health. It failed to approve the Norton Bill which would permit the Labor Department to wage a campaign against preventable industrial accidents.

These are some of the pros and cons on the record of the 79th Congress to date. Labor is grateful to Congress for its constructive achievements and hopes it will hasten to correct its errors of omission when it gets back on the job next October. - Lewis G. Hines.

A Good Bill

Six Senators have introduced a bill in Washington, endorsed by the American Federation of Labor, designed to carry out President Truman's recommendations for more adequate unem-

While Congress rushed enactment of a reconversion measure which will give big corporations tax relief to the tune of five billion dollars so they will have ready eash for reconversion, the new bill to meet human needs during the same period is destined to go over until Congress comes back to work in October. When the House of Representatives recessed until the fall, action on the unemployment compensation was necessarily postponed.

Senator Kilgore of West Virginia said he was joined in sponsoring the new measure by Senators Wagner, Murray, Guffey. Thomas (of Utah) and Pepper.

Commenting on the bill, AFL President William Green said it will meet emergency needs and therefore should be enacted. but he pointed out that it does not provide the long-term basic improvements in social security which "are so sorely needed" and which are included in the Wagner-Murray-Dingell Bill.

The emergency measure provides that the Federal Government shall supplement state funds so that persons now earning \$50 a week or more may get a maximum of \$25 a week for 26 weeks in any one year when unemployed. Those earning less than \$50 a week would get lower compensation.

War Not Over Yet

By RUTH TAYLOR

The war is not over. It has only shifted its base. And we must not, in relief at the victory in the West, slacken our efforts. Our loyalty to our own demands that we keep everlastingly on ester for their new agreement has the job. Not duty but love must drive us on.

Sure, it's only natural to keep one eye on the future. We Labor Board for final approval. know that we have our families to take care of, and that the longer we wait to get into peacetime jobs, the harder it will be. But for every one of us who stops now to get in on our future. some boy overseas will have NO future at all. Do we want ours General Tire & Rubber Co., with a at that price?

The best way out is always through. The best way to finish March 27, 1944. up this war is to work all out to wind it up speedily and to make peace come the sooner. As the Saginaw Labor News said re- our contract covering the drivers cently: "We have no right to conduct ourselves as to weaken and men of the Shell American in any manner the forces of our nation in its war against the Bulk Plant at Kokomo and have powers of darkness. We have no individual rights that are not ing the dockmen and drivers for in some sense modified by the demand for collective might and the National Cylinder of Logansvictory."

It is just the principle of unionism applied to our current problems. No one man has a right to jockey for advantages that | ished their road job on road 18 and all cannot have. No one man has a right to hold down his fellow we now have the Bonetrager Co. men by his own self-interests.

It doesn't make any difference what the other fellow does. road 31. To be sure, there are some employers—and some labor men as well—who are more concerned with their own self-interest and our office, and Merle Browning, their future profits than they are in finishing the war. But, who worked for Mike Mascari and thank God, these are precious few!

Don't spare the last punch. The Japanese won't be out until they are counted out. We have seen, again and again, our tri-

If we want peace and a prosperous future both for our fellow the life some of these boys lead workers and for ourselves, comprised as we are of all races, nationalities and creeds, the first step in its establishment is the complete and inescapable defeat of those who instinctively resort to war as an instrument of their policy. And to accomplish that end. WE must supply the sinews of strength for that com- hear that he is now up and about plete defeat.

To conclude with the words of a great leader-Victor Olander-"God be with them as they fight, and God be with us as are taking their vacations. There-

SAY, LISTEN!

For the rest of this year, the AFL presents each Saturday evening at 6:45 p.m., EWT, over the nation-wide network of the American Broadcasting Company a radio news-magazine, featuring the latest news at home and abroad and special reports by expert commentators on important labor problems. This program is listed in the radio columns of your newspaper as "Labor-U. S. A." Our own subtitle for the program is "The American Federationist of the Air." Don't miss these bright, newsy broadcasts! Listen every Saturday night!

We Mourn Our Loss



IN THE KNOW WITH KOKOMO

By O. B. CHAMBERS

Negotiations covering the people in Armour Creameries at Rochbeen completed and an agreed-on agreement is now up to the War

After a long period of time and various appeals, the War Labor Board has granted us full compliance on our first contract with the nice increase for the employes and retroactive pay dating back to

We have opened negotiations on also opened up the contract coverport.

The John Dehner Co. has finworking on a road-widening job between Rochester and Peru on

We have had a lot of visitors in was confined to a German prison camp, is now home in Kekeme convalescing on a 78-day leave.

We have heard from our ex-vice-

We also have heard from Sgt. Gene Maddox, who was wounded and spent considerable time in the hospital in England and are glad to

Most all the boys from Local 759 fore, at a recent meeting it was decided that there will be no general meeting held until the first day in October, at which time we hope to see a large turnout.

A nice meeting was held in Wa-bash, July 21, at which time a large number of members took the obligation in our organization.

We are still working and hoping that we will have good news for our members concerning the Willett Co. and the settling of the case.

The most recent men leaving for service from this local are: Simon Denny, Elmer Harper, Gilbert Nicholson, Fred Behny, M. E. Hiner and Leon Sands.

Richmond Local 691 Says Hello

By JAMES K. KATZ

The next regular meeting of Local 691 will be on the second Saturday of August at 8 p.m. in the Eagles Annex on South Seventh Street.

Local 691 has just received the approval of WLB for an increase for drivers of Bursley & Co., with retroactive to February

Also have approval for an increase for city cartage drivers and one for the warehouse men, both classifications to have a week's vaeation with pay for one year's

Had a letter from Brother Chas Feaster saying he didn't make the Navy, but sure got in the Infantry. His address is Pvt. Chas. Feaster, 35971853, Co. F, 232d Bn., Camp Blanding, Florida.

Quite a few men from the service are on their old jobs, and we are mighty glad to have them. Also Wayne Watkins, who was wounded in action.



POLK MILK UNION VICTIM OF WLB DELAY

Davis of Local 188 Demands Government Work Standards

face of war-essential work, according to C. E. Davis, president of Teamsters' Local 188, bargaining agent for the 250 emploves.

ates also are committed to re- ing conditions for the 250 Polk zation, which stated: main on the job until V-M Day, Milk Company employes dates Victory over the Milk Trust.)

Indianapolis is war-essential and company representatives, which started in March, 1943. piously pounded this fact into Failure to reach an agreethe workers' ears since March, ment brought in local repre-Company has declared in writ- ment of Labor. ing, when advertising in local The federal conciliators held Evans. newspapers, that it is engaged meetings on March 22, April 1. in a war-essential industry.

against meeting government referred the case to the U.S. standards of employment, imtries, that the Polk Company tified to the War Labor Board. denies any connection with the

But not for long. The Board changed its decision on rehear- was heard in Chicago, and the ing, stronger and "ghter luggage, ing and ordered the company Regional Board, in a split decibe impervious to dampness, to abide by the law and grant sion of two to four, ruled out standard conditions to the 250 the ease as "inappropriate for workers.

These conditions included: Maintenance of membership: Check-off:

Seniority rights: Steward recognition; Vacations with pay.

This is the decision which gotten away with its defiance the company has appealed and of the government order be- which the National War Labor build up our defense is to comcause its workers have consid- Board has not found time to bine on a solid front. We'll ered it their patriotic duty to consider. In its appeal the need all of the intelligent orremain on the job in perform- company protests against all ganization we can get and the provisions except that grant. State Federation offers that ing vacations.

The 21/2 Years

History of the Teamsters' (Davis and his union associ- fight to obtain standard workbetween the union, represent-Supplying milk to restau ed by President Davis and rants and war industries of Lynnville G. Miles, counsel,

1943, when they first joined the sentatives of the Conciliation Teamsters' Union. The Polk Service of the U.S. Depart-

and April 13, and in the end, the office of second vice-presi-It is only when arguing failing to obtain an agreement. Commissioner of Labor, with two years." posed on war-essential indus- recommendation that it be cer-

On June 2 the U.S. Departwar effort. It is as free of any ment of Labor ruled that the

the exercise of the Board's ju-

Following this the union appealed and after waiting until March 28, 1945, obtained a new

(Continued from page 1) organization.'

Election of Mr. Hess to the State Federation of Labor was announced in the monthly bulletin published by that organi-

"The Board of Tellers met in which in union parlance means back to a series of negotiations the office of the Indiana State Federation of Labor on July 6, "For corporations of all sizes in 1945, and canvassed the votes all fields, Department of Commerce under the earnings of an industry

> Alton P. Hess elected by a comfortable majority over the present incumbent, Brother D. B.

"Brother Hess will assume dent beginning January 1, 1946. and will serve for a period of

53 New Kinds of Rubber

The U. S. Rubber Co. developed

January 18, 1944, the case materials for prefabricated hous-

JOBLESS PAY FOR VETS

In Indiana, since September 16, 1944, 4,810 claims have been made by veterans of this war for read-justment allowances payable under tion of total sales in 1944 as in will be further lowered by injustment allowances payable under tion Title V of the GI Bill of Rights, 1939. verdict, granting its demands Noble R. Shaw, director of the Employment Security Division.

Pat Hess Urges Corporations' Wartime Profits High Above Peacetime Level

above peacetime levels.

"These new figures, grouped ingeneral financial hardships on busi-

"This study shows that average sales in that period. profits, industry for industry, range

continued to rise above the record- industry on the product. breaking 1943 level. And earnings

last year, but profit of most price-controlled industries continued to reconversion and postwar years, rise. Even after taxes, profits in this high level of volume must conmost price-controlled industries tinue. Startling proof of this fact have risen without interruption. This continuing uptrend in the ment of Commerce, which indi-

while agreeing that corporate prof-its have increased, state that small will, of course, be under heavy business firms have suffered. On the contrary, according to the Department of Commerce, profits of unincorporated manufacturing, wholesale, retail and service busi-serves against an estimated reconnesses almost doubled between version expense of roughly 5 billion 1939 and 1944. In addition, inde-dollars. Once reconversion is com-

red. And other companies whose nuity of American business men.

six months of 1944 were far losing money on some items. But when we hear about these cases we must weigh them against the little-known fact that, based on dustry by industry, are being re-leased," Bowles said, "because they reports to the Bureau of Internal refute so emphatically statements Revenue, in pre-war 1936-39 nearly by some critics of price control 60 per cent of all corporations—that OPA policies have worked or angel and small—were in the red. The sales of companies operating at a loss in 1936-39 accounted for at least 25 per cent of the total of

"All available figures show that from earnings, by a bare handful, during the period of wartime price only slightly in excess of industries control American business, even pre-war profits to earnings 10 and after the payment of all taxes, has been more prosperous than during

which had been cast by the membership affiliated with the Federation during the month of June.

"The results show Brother Alton P. Hess elected by a com-"In 1944, profits before taxes prevent out-of-pocket loss to the

breaking 1943 level. And earnings after taxes in 1944 were about the same as in 1943, despite the increased tax rates.

"In the first quarter of 1945, corporate profits in general, both before and after taxes, were alightly below the corresponding quarter."

"If we are to achieve full productive forms of the corporate of the corresponding quarter in some costs." "The greatly increased wartime

selors, though not in this particular language.

November 5 the case was transferred to the Trucking was upheld at one time by the Regional Board in Chicago.

It is also producing a new family of liquid plastics which, when combined with spun glass or other fabrics, is equal in strength to steel.

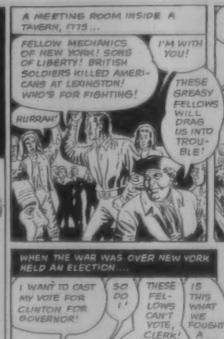
This continuing uptrend in the profits of industries under price cates that if we achieve only our control results from the steady increase in their volume of production, between their volume of production during a period when the output of strictly war industries has mean a breakdown of our critical and 19 million people would be put of strictly war industries has mean a breakdown of our critical and 19 million people would be profits of industries under price cates that if we achieve only our critical and 19 million people would be profits of industries under price cates that if we achieve only our critical and 19 million people would be profits of industries under price cates that if we achieve only our critical and 19 million people would be profit of industries under price cates that if we achieve only our critical and 19 million people would be profit of industries under price cates that if we achieve only our critical and the study by the Department of Commerce, which indicates the profits of industries under price cates that if we achieve only our critical and the study by the Department of Commerce, which indicates the profits of industries under price cates that if we achieve only our critical and the profits of industries under price cates that if we achieve only our critical and the profits of industries under price cates that if we achieve only our critical and the profits of industries under price cates that if we achieve only our critical and the profits of industries under price cates that if we achieve only our critical and the profits of industries under price cates that if we achieve only our critical and the profits of industries under price cates that if we achieve only our critical and the profit

creased labor productivity,

Here's What Labor Did in Another War for Liberty—The Revolution



157 (25)



THEY DON'T

OWN ENOUGH ASSESSABLE

FOR









MAHONEY'S DRIVERS GET GOOD CONTRACTS

Deer Creek Co. Fort Wayne Teamsters All Organized

tions. Operators agreed to grant some of them wanted the vacations year, and so all the three-year or longer City Freight Teamsters get week, as called for in the contract ings to \$32,000. signed by the union.

Anderson have signed agreements unions to buy War Bonds. "As for another year, with a good in-

The Schuffman Furniture Store in Marion has renewed its contract.

SALESMEN DRIVERS OF THE DEER CREEK DAIRY COMPANY BEING NE OF MARION ARE 100 PER CENT NEGOTIATED. THIS IS THE COMPANY THAT WAS ON STRIKE IN MARION SEVERAL YEARS AGO WITH THE PRODUCERS CREAMERY. THE OLD-TIMERS ARE SURE TO REMEMBER THIS STRIKE. MAHONEY AND HIS MARION REPRESENTATIVE, MR. THOM-AS, HELD JUST ONE MEETING WITH THE DRIVERS AND SIGNED THEM UP AT THAT TIME ALL MEMBERS IN MA-RION ARE ASKED TO SUPPORT THIS COMPANY

HARNESS, HALLECK **VOTE FOR INFLATION**

(International Laundry Worker) Ninety-five congressmen attempted on June 30 to increase the cost of your food, your rent and your clothes and to put you at the able by labor. While setting an mercy of the profiteers by killing immediate rock-bottom floor of 65

Remember these men at election eral application. time. Remember how they tried to take the food off your table and the clothes off your back.

INDIANA Representatives Forest A. Har-ness, Charles A. Halleck.

Buy \$10,000 War Bond

secretary-treasurer of the two weeks' vacation with pay to Truck Drivers' Union, Local three-year or longer drivers, but 414, recently handed a check to start next year, instead of in for a \$10,000 War Bond to F.

1945. The union held out for this

G. Schoettler, the Allen County War Finance Committee solicitor. The check brought the two weeks with pay as of now. tor. The check brought the Those of shorter service get one union's total War Bond hold-

In making the purchase Mr. The four beer distributors of In making the purchase Mr. Muncle and the two distributors of Hess stressed the necessity for union members, we recognize our duty in the Seventh War Loan drive," he said. "Our big responsibility is to keep our fighting men supplied with more of the tools of war, for these are being used up at a terrific pace now."

CONGRESS PETITIONS HIGHER WAGE RATES

(Continued from page 1) up mass purchasing power and avoid sowing the seeds of a disastrous depression in the immediate

future," he asserted. "We urge all members of Congress to sign this petition."

The Wage-Hour amendments fall short of labor's policy because of a provision which would start over-time pay after 44 hours in the first vidual war bond buying quota. year, 42 hours in the second year, and 40 hours after that. Union leaders could not see why the presbe thus set back.

the Office of Price Administration. cents an hour, the measure would goal that a last-week buying The OPA is the only protection permit industry committees oper-you have against the profiteers. ating under the Wage-Hour Divi-The OPA is the only process ating under the Wage-room to the J5-cent level by voluntary to the J5-cent level by voluntary

> Sponsors of the bill in the Senate included Senators Mead, Pepper, Wagner, James Murray, Guf-fey, Kilgore, Elbert Thomas, Magnuson, Chavez and Francis J.

Pulliam Wins FORT WAYNE - Pat Hess, Mighty 7th



EUGENE C. PULLIAM

For the first time in any war loan drive-World War I or II

Indiana began the final week of the Seventh War Loan drive ent standard 40-hour week should approximately \$40,000,000 short of the goal. Always be-The wage provisions of the bill fore, at this point in previous the last 30 years when this country were generally considered accept- drives, the state had been has been faced with a national em-

"This time, we need war bond buyers in droves," said Eugene C. Pulliam, state chairman of the war finance committee. "Ours has been a perfect record. We must keep it

And Indiana did - with the

Labor Wants U.S. to Operate State Employment Bureaus

prohibiting it in others.

The instruments of such control statements of availability, controlled hiring, controlled referral or priority referral have fre-quently been a source of irritation to American workers who have enjoyed the tradition of free and unhampered movement from one job to another or from one place to another without having to have the permission or approval of some government official.

This irritation sometimes finds expression in general dissatisfaction with the employment service and even at times in a readiness to dispense with the whole system.

Control Necessary

Responsible leaders of American labor, however, recognized that these controls were in the main a part of the stern necessities of total

In fact, the leaders of organized labor sat on the National Policy Committee of the War Manpower Commission along with leading representatives of industrial management and agriculture and helped at the same time that they were not of such nature as to undermine -Hoosiers were faced with a the strength of labor organizations fight to the finish in order to and that adequate means of apmake their \$167,000,000 indi. pealing from the decisions of the government offices were provided.

The wartime manpower job done largely through the employment service could never have been done had the country not had a national system of public employment offices. In fact, every time during 'over the top'' or so near the ployment problem the necessity of a national system of employment offices has been apparent.

It was so in 1918 when the first United States Employment Service was established to meet the manpower needs of World War I.

It was so in 1933 when unemployment gripped the nation.

It was so in 1942 when the Presdent found it necessary to request

encouraging such movement in trol the service had drifted to persone instances and practically mit its nationalization to meet war

With the end of the war against Japan millions of discharged war workers and veterans will be seek-ing peacetime employment. They will want to know where the jobs are that are the best for them in terms of their training and experience, including the experience they have had in war production and the training they have received while serving in the armed forces,

This will constitute a national problem just as much as war production was a national problem.

It is a problem that will require the continued guidance of policy councils of management, labor and agriculture.

It is a problem that will require unified action on a national scale.

It will require an agency that can work cooperatively in serving employers seeking workers and workers seeking jobs. This will mean, of course, that the employment service itself will need to shift over from being an agency of control to one organized to serve. Among other things it will have to learn better how to work with and devise these controls, making sure through the labor unions. That's why organized labor believes it should be located in the U.S. De-partment of Labor.

It will require an agency that has access to information on jobs from all over the country which it can make available to every local office where workers will be seeking job information. It will need also to keep a watch on developing trends in industry so it can provide training agencies and apprenticeship services with indications as to future needs.

Organized labor in the United States is convinced that this job cannot be done by the fifty-one separate agencies responsible to the forty-eight states, the territories, and the District of Colum-

That's why organized labor is vigorously backing Sections 7 and response to the need of that period 8 of the Wagner-Murray-Dingell the defunct employment service Bill (S. 1050, H. R. 3293) which was revived by the Wagner-Peyser provides for a national agency adquately equipped to meet the postwar employment problem of the nation. It is the opinion of labor that such an agency is essential to the over-all task of maintaining full employment so vitally necessary to our national well-

Indianapolis City Cartage Drivers Get Wage Increases,

Marshall, union president; Anderson Lee, Herbert Taylor and Jesse McClure. The employers' committee comprised K. G. Foster, R. G. Phelps, F. O. Ellis, John Brennan and F. W.

Three Other Cases

Another large group of Local 135 members are to be affected by three cases which the union has just submitted to the Trucking Commission. The union has filed Form 10 for approval of agreements reached with the Indiana Farm Bureau, Universal Beverage Co. and Central Transfer and Storage Co.

These agreements call for increased wages and improved working conditions for Teamsters employed by the three conon cases, he said.



Here are some of the city cartage men, members of Teamsters' Local 135, who received pay increases in cerns, according to Mr. the recent agreed-on case approved by the Trucking Commission. The picture was snapped in front of Union the Detroit area plan to Williams. All were agreed-lecting bundles in the United National Clothing drive. Enwett I Williams. Williams. All were agreed- lecting bundles in the United National Clothing drive. Emmett J. Williams, their union leader, is shown in of them it is a matter of neces-

How U. S. Labor Helps Win War

munitions produced by union members and other American war workers and furnished to the Army and 40 allied nations by Army Ordnance were disclosed in Wash-ington, D. C., on the 133rd anniversary of the Army's Ordnance

From Pearl Harbor to May 16, over 43 billion rounds of rifle and machinegun bullets have been turned out, more than 5,000 rounds for every man in the Army, it was revealed. Over one billion artillery projectiles, more than 17 million rifles and pistols, nearly three million machineguns, and approximately 600,000 artillery weapons, have been produced.

WOMEN WANT TO KEEP WORKING IN INDUSTRY

WASHINGTON, D. C. - The Women's Bureau of the Department of Labor has just released the first of the survey it is making in war production centers to see how many women want to go on working after the shooting stops.

sity, rather than choice.